Problem 1. Let $n$ be a positive integer and let $a_{1}, \ldots, a_{k}(k \geq 2)$ be distinct integers in the set $\{1, \ldots, n\}$ such that $n$ divides $a_{i}\left(a_{i+1}-1\right)$ for $i=1, \ldots, k-1$. Prove that $n$ does not divide $a_{k}\left(a_{1}-1\right)$.

Problem 2. Let $A B C$ be a triangle with circumcentre $O$. The points $P$ and $Q$ are interior points of the sides $C A$ and $A B$, respectively. Let $K, L$ and $M$ be the midpoints of the segments $B P, C Q$ and $P Q$, respectively, and let $\Gamma$ be the circle passing through $K, L$ and $M$. Suppose that the line $P Q$ is tangent to the circle $\Gamma$. Prove that $O P=O Q$.

Problem 3. Suppose that $s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}, \ldots$ is a strictly increasing sequence of positive integers such that the subsequences

$$
s_{s_{1}}, s_{s_{2}}, s_{s_{3}}, \ldots \quad \text { and } \quad s_{s_{1}+1}, s_{s_{2}+1}, s_{s_{3}+1}, \ldots
$$

are both arithmetic progressions. Prove that the sequence $s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}, \ldots$ is itself an arithmetic progression.

